

# ISO Rules

## Part 300 System Reliability and Operations

### Division 302 Transmission Constraint Management

#### Section 302.1 Real Time Transmission Constraint Management

#### Applicability

**1** Section 302.1 applies to:

- (a) a **market participant**; and
- (b) the **ISO**.

#### Requirements

##### Real Time Transmission Constraint Mitigation

**2(1)** Subject to subsection 3, the **ISO** must comply with the following procedures in the following sequence to mitigate a **transmission constraint** in the present, real time:

- (a) taking into account the **constraint effective factors**, determine the **pool assets** that would be effective in mitigating the **transmission constraint** and apply the appropriate procedure set out in this subsection 2(1) to those effective **pool assets**;
- (b) ensure that any **pool assets** effective in mitigating the **transmission constraint** are not generating MW above their **maximum capability** by cancelling any related **directives**;
- (c) curtail by **directives** any **downstream constraint side** service under **ISO tariff** rate schedules *Rate XOS 1 Hour*, and *Rate XOS 1 Month* and any **upstream constraint side** service under **ISO tariff** rate schedule *Rate IOS*, that are effective in mitigating the **transmission constraint**;
- (d) curtail by **directives** any **loads** receiving service under **ISO tariff** rate schedules *Rate DOS Dispatchable* and *Rate DOS Term* at the **downstream constraint side** of the **transmission constraint**, that are effective in mitigating the **transmission constraint**;
- (e) issue a **dispatch** to any **pool asset** that is under contract with the **ISO** to provide **transmission must-run** and that is effective in mitigating the **transmission constraint** at the **downstream constraint side**;
- (f) issue a **directive** for **transmission-must run** to any **pool asset** that is not under contract with the **ISO** to provide **transmission must-run** and that is effective in mitigating the **transmission constraint** at the **downstream constraint side**;
- (g) issue **directives** to curtail any **pool assets** that are effective in mitigating the **transmission constraint** at the **upstream constraint side** using the following additional procedures:
  - (i) the **ISO** must curtail using the energy market **merit order** with the highest priced in merit **offer** from the **pool asset** effective in mitigating the **transmission constraint** being curtailed first, followed by the **pool asset** with the next highest priced in merit **offer**, if necessary, during the remainder of the then current **settlement interval** and the next two (2) **settlement intervals**;
  - (ii) if there is a need to curtail two (2) or more such **pool assets** having equally priced **offers**, then the **ISO** must issue **directives** to the **pool assets** to curtail using a pro-rata methodology;

- (iii) if the **transmission constraint** persists on a continuous basis for longer than the remainder of the then current **settlement interval** and the next two (2) **settlement intervals**, then the **ISO** must reallocate the required curtailment, using a pro-rata methodology, to all **pool assets** having in merit **offers** that are effective in mitigating the **transmission constraint**; and
  - (h) curtail by **directives** any **loads** receiving service under **ISO tariff** rate schedule *Rate DTS* at the **downstream constraint side** of the **transmission constraint**, if so required by the **reliability** criteria, using the following procedures:
    - (i) the **ISO** must allocate the **load** curtailment using the energy market **merit order** with the lowest priced effective **bid** being curtailed first, followed by the next lowest priced effective **bid**, if necessary;
    - (ii) if there is a need to curtail **loads** with equal price **bids**, or there are no **bids** remaining, then the **ISO** must curtail using a pro-rata methodology.
- (2) The **ISO** must comply with the following procedures in order to restore the energy balance to the **interconnected electric system**:
- (a) where the procedures set out in subsections 2(1)(e) or 2(1)(f) are used, issue **dispatches** for **dispatch down service** in accordance with section 204.2 of the **ISO rules**, *Issuing Dispatches for Dispatch Down Service*;
  - (b) except where the procedures set out in subsection 2(1)(e) and 2(1)(f) are used:
    - (i) in circumstances where the **ISO** has notice of a **transmission constraint** that is anticipated to be of a significant duration and magnitude, as determined by the **ISO** acting reasonably, issue a **dispatch** to any **pool asset** that is effective in restoring the energy balance to the **interconnected electric system** and that is under contract with the **ISO** to provide **transmission must-run** in accordance with section 205.8 of the **ISO rules** - *Transmission Must-Run* and section 301.2 of the **ISO rules** - *ISO Directives*, and issue **dispatches** for **dispatch down service** in accordance with section 204.2 of the **ISO rules** - *Issuing Dispatches for Dispatch Down Service*; and
    - (ii) in all other circumstances, or where necessary to supplement the volume **dispatched** for **transmission must-run** in subsection 2(2)(b)(i), issue **dispatches** for **transmission constraint rebalancing**, in accordance with the energy market **merit order**, and make payment to a **pool participant** with a **source asset** that has provided energy for **transmission constraint rebalancing** in accordance with subsection 7(1) of section 103.4 of the **ISO rules**.
- (3) With regard to any of the procedures set out in subsection 2(1) that involve **pool asset** or **load** curtailment, if the **pool asset** or **load** is supplying both **ancillary services** and energy production, then the **ISO** must first curtail **ancillary services** before energy production.
- (4) When a **transmission constraint** has activated or is expected by the **ISO** to activate a **remedial action scheme**, then after the **ISO** has ensured that the **interconnected electric system** is operating in a safe and reliable mode, the **ISO** must recommence the procedural sequence set out in subsection 2(1) to manage the **transmission constraint**.

### Additional Real Time Constraint Management Procedures

3 As the circumstances may warrant, the **ISO** may take into account the following alternative or complementary procedures to mitigate any present, real time **transmission constraint**:

- (a) if the result of following the procedures set out in subsection 2(1)(g)(i) will be to curtail any **pool asset** below its **minimum stable generation** level but the **ISO** expects the **transmission constraint** to last only a short duration, then the **ISO** by **directive** may curtail the **pool asset** to above or at the **minimum stable generation** level of that **pool asset**;
- (b) in circumstances where abnormal operating or market conditions exist, the **ISO** acting

- reasonably may, in implementing mitigation measures to address a **transmission constraint**, take procedural steps not listed in subsection 2(1) if those steps are substantially consistent with **good electric industry operating practice** and the duties of the **ISO** under the **Act** to direct the safe, reliable and economic operation of the **interconnected electric system**;
- (c) the abnormal conditions referred to in subsection 3(b) include circumstances of unusual natural risks to the **interconnected electric system**, and issues raised by a unique real time system configuration or **reliability** concerns stemming from voltage or **reactive power** effects;
  - (d) in mitigating a **transmission constraint**, the **ISO** must follow the procedural sequence set out in subsection 2(1) and any more specific and complementary **ISO rules** applicable for a given regional area of the **interconnected electric system**, unless real time operating conditions change such that following the specified sequence would put the **ISO** in contravention of any **reliability standard** requirement by failing to achieve compliance within the operating limits or required response time specified in that **reliability standard**;
  - (e) if the **ISO** alters the procedural sequence as set out in subsection 2(1) or takes alternate mitigating actions because of the circumstances referred to in subsection 3(b) or 3(d) above, then once the **ISO** is assured that the **interconnected electric system** is operating in a safe and reliable mode, the **ISO** must recommence the procedural sequence set out in subsection 2(1).

### Reporting

**4(1)** The **ISO** must use reasonable efforts to publish, as near to real time as possible, information on the location of **transmission constraints** and the costs of resolving these constraints.

**(2)** The **ISO** must monitor and publicly report on the costs incurred as a result of mitigating **transmission constraints** on an annual basis.

### Revision History

Effective	Description
2025-02-06	Administrative revisions necessary to reflect the changes to <i>Rate DOS</i> in the ISO tariff.
2015-11-26	Revisions to subsections 2(1) and 2(2). Amendment to numbering references in subsection 3(a). Addition of subsection 4 "Reporting".
2013-01-08	Previously defined terms have been un-defined and the words have been un-bolded. Reference to section 6.3.6.3 <i>Determining Dispatch Down Service Dispatch Quantity</i> has been replaced with section 204.2 <i>Issuing Dispatches for Dispatch Down Service</i> .
2012-03-26	Initial release